



Hongkong Daily Press

ESTABLISHED 1857

Registered as a Newspaper at the General Post Office in the United Kingdom

IT IS SURPRISING
HOW TORIC LENSES
CLEAR YOUR VISION
AND ENHANCE
YOUR PERSONAL
APPEARANCE.
N. LAZARUS
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN,
25, Queen's Road Central, HONGKONG.

No. 19,268. 號八十五百二千九萬一第 日九廿月二十年未己 HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18TH, 1920. 參拜禮 號捌拾月二年九國民華中 PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH.

INTIMATIONS
GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY
PORTLAND CEMENT.
In Casks 75 lbs. net
In Bags 50 lbs. net
BREWSTER, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.

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A Natural Mineral Water

Bottled at the "Pavillon" Spring

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Hongkong.

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PEAK TRAMWAY COMPANY

LIMITED.

TIME TABLE

WEEK DAYS

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

On and after TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15th, 1919, and further Notice.

(All previous Time Tables cancelled.)

DOWN TRAINS

Stations	No. 1 Local	No. 2 Through	No. 3 Local	No. 4 Through	No. 5 Local	No. 6 Through	No. 7 Local	No. 8 Through	No. 9 Local	No. 10 Through	No. 11 Local	No. 12 Through
CANTON (Tal Shei Tai)	7.15	7.30	7.45	8.00	8.15	8.30	8.45	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00
WATERLOO	7.20	7.35	7.50	8.05	8.20	8.35	8.50	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05
WATERLOO	7.25	7.40	7.55	8.10	8.25	8.40	8.55	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10
WATERLOO	7.30	7.45	8.00	8.15	8.30	8.45	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15
WATERLOO	7.35	7.50	8.05	8.20	8.35	8.50	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20
WATERLOO	7.40	7.55	8.10	8.25	8.40	8.55	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25
WATERLOO	7.45	8.00	8.15	8.30	8.45	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30
WATERLOO	7.50	8.05	8.20	8.35	8.50	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35
WATERLOO	7.55	8.10	8.25	8.40	8.55	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40
WATERLOO	8.00	8.15	8.30	8.45	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45
WATERLOO	8.05	8.20	8.35	8.50	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50
WATERLOO	8.10	8.25	8.40	8.55	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55
WATERLOO	8.15	8.30	8.45	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00
WATERLOO	8.20	8.35	8.50	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05
WATERLOO	8.25	8.40	8.55	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10
WATERLOO	8.30	8.45	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15
WATERLOO	8.35	8.50	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20
WATERLOO	8.40	8.55	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25
WATERLOO	8.45	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30
WATERLOO	8.50	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35
WATERLOO	8.55	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40
WATERLOO	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45
WATERLOO	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50
WATERLOO	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55
WATERLOO	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00
WATERLOO	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05
WATERLOO	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10
WATERLOO	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15
WATERLOO	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20
WATERLOO	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25
WATERLOO	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30
WATERLOO	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35
WATERLOO	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40
WATERLOO	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45
WATERLOO	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50
WATERLOO	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55
WATERLOO	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	13.00
WATERLOO	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	13.05
WATERLOO	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	13.10
WATERLOO	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	13.00	13.15
WATERLOO	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	13.05	13.20
WATERLOO	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	13.10	13.25
WATERLOO	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	13.00	13.15	13.30
WATERLOO	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	13.05	13.20	13.35
WATERLOO	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	13.10	13.25	13.40
WATERLOO	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	13.00	13.15	13.30	13.45
WATERLOO	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	13.05	13.20	13.35	13.50
WATERLOO	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	13.10	13.25	13.40	13.55
WATERLOO	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	13.00	13.15	13.30	13.45	14.00
WATERLOO	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	13.05	13.20	13.35	13.50	14.05
WATERLOO	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	13.10	13.25	13.40	13.55	14.10
WATERLOO	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	13.00	13.15	13.30	13.45	14.00	14.15
WATERLOO	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	13.05	13.20	13.35	13.50	14.05	14.20
WATERLOO	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	13.10	13.25	13.40	13.55	14.10	14.25
WATERLOO	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	13.00	13.15	13.30	13.45	14.00	14.15	14.30
WATERLOO	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	13.05	13.20	13.35	13.50	14.05	14.20	14.35
WATERLOO	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	13.10	13.25	13.40	13.55	14.10	14.25	14.40
WATERLOO	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	13.00	13.15	13.30	13.45	14.00	14.15	14.30	14.45
WATERLOO	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	13.05	13.20	13.35	13.50	14.05	14.20	14.35	14.50
WATERLOO	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	13.10	13.25	13.40	13.55	14.10	14.25	14.40	14.55
WATERLOO	12.15	12.30	12.45	13.00	13.15	13.30	13.45	14.00	14.15	14.30	14.45	15.00
WATERLOO	12.20	12.35	12.50	13.05	13.20	13.35	13.50	14.05	14.20	14.35	14.50	15.05
WATERLOO	12.25	12.40	12.55	13.10	13.25	13.40	13.55	14.10	14.25	14.40	14.55	15.10
WATERLOO	12.30	12.45	13.00	13.15	13.30	13.45	14.00	14.15	14.30	14.45	15.00	15.15
WATERLOO	12.35	12.50	13.05	13.20	13.35	13.50	14.05	14.20	14.35	14.50	15.05	15.20
WATERLOO	12.40	12.55	13.10	13.25	13.40	13.55	14.10	14.25	14.40	14.55	15.10	15.25
WATERLOO	12.45	13.00	13.15	13.30	13.45	14.00	14.15	14.30	14.45	15.00	15.15	15.30
WATERLOO	12.50	13.05	13.20	13.35	13.50	14.05	14.20	14.35	14.50	15.05	15.20	15.35
WATERLOO	12.55	13.10	13.25	13.40	13.55	14.10	14.25	14.40	14.55	15.10	15.25	15.40
WATERLOO	13.00	13.15	13.30	13.45	14.00	14.15	14.30	14.45	15.00	15.15	15.30	15.45
WATERLOO	13.05	13.20	13.35	13.50	14.05	14.20	14.35	14.50	15.05	15.20	15.35	15.50
WATERLOO	13.10	13.25	13.40	13.55	14.10	14.25	14.40	14.55	15.10	15.25	15.40	15.55
WATERLOO	13.15	13.30	13.45	14.00	14.15	14.30	14.45	15.00	15.15	15.30	15.45	16.00
WATERLOO	13.20	13.35	13.50	14.05	14.20	14.35	14.50	15.05	15.20	15.35	15.50	16.05
WATERLOO	13.25	13.40	13.55	14.10	14.25	14.40	14.55	15.10	15.25	15.40	15.55	16.10
WATERLOO	13.30	13.45	14.00	14.15	14.30	14.45	15.00	15.15	15.30	15.45	16.00	16.15
WATERLOO	13.35	13.50	14.05	14.20	14.3							

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"Perfect" is the word for Victrola dance music—in volume, clearness, tone and rhythm, it leaves nothing to be desired.

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Two sets of type are provided with each machine, others to any quantity may be purchased separately.

Simply by turning a wheel, you may change from English to Russian, from Gothic type to Copperplate, or a whole variety of others. There are over 200 varieties of type produced for use on the Hammond typewriter. All or any may be used by any one machine.

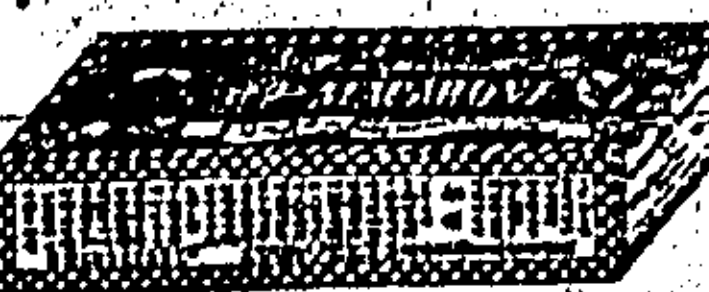
This is but one of the many unique features of the HAMMOND TYPEWRITER let us demonstrate to you its further advantages.

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DIOCESAN GIRLS' SCHOOL. ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES.

The annual distribution of prizes to the students of the Diocesan Girls' School was held yesterday morning in the School premises at Kowloon, when there was a large gathering present.

The pupils entertained the audience with several songs, which were well rendered, after which Miss Skipton, the Headmistress, read the annual report.

THE REPORT.

The report showed that the total enrolment for the past year was 49 boarders and 149 day scholars. The highest attendance was 132, in October, which was a record. The results of the annual examination held by the Hongkong University showed that three seniors and two juniors passed, one with distinction in Scripture and another in English. Thirty pupils secured pass certificates and twenty others honours certificates, in the competition held under the auspices of the Royal Drawing Society. In the short-hand examination, one pupil won a speed certificate. Thanks were due to the following:—Mr. and Mrs. Slabb and some friends to whose kindness was due the bathing party; Mr. Moorhead and Ms. Thorne for a generous donation towards the expenses, Mr. A. Balean, for making the arrangements. Inspector Gordon for allowing the use of the Police Pier, the Commander of the Tamar and Sgt. Francis for swimming instructions. For treats and presents, we have to thank Mr. Matthews, Mr. Ponsonby, Fane, Capt. Wood, Capt. Lessius, Mrs. Stubb, Mrs. Johnstone, Mr. Vesona, Mrs. Taggart, Mr. Lauritsen and Mr. Robertson of the Star Ferry Company, Mrs. Bunje, Mrs. Leung Yan Po. Thanks were due to Drs. Smalley, Hasten, Balean, Kew (for medical attention), Messrs. Watson & Company (for medicine at reduced rates), the Dairy Farm (for cinematograph show), the Standard Oil Company and friends at Lai Chi Kok, the kind donors of prizes, namely, Mr. Compton, Prof. Dannenberg, Miss Ferguson, Mr. Grose, Mr. Ho Fook, Mrs. Lee, Mr. Lo Cheng Shui, Mrs. H. K. Lo, Mr. Wong Kam-tuk, Mr. and Mrs. Ho Wing, Mrs. Li Ping, the Trustees of Mr. Chan Kai Ming. The school, the report stated, had a great loss in the death of Mr. Chan Kai-ming, who was not only a benefactor of the school, but one of his children was a student. Another event which cast a shadow over the school was Miss May Poon Why's departure for a well-earned holiday. She had done splendid work amongst the very little ones and the school felt her loss keenly. But one cause of great rejoicing was that after two prize-givings they had with them their clergyman and their own Secretary once again. Miss Skipton, concluded her report as follows: "Of the impending loss of the Bishop and Mrs. Lander, I do not feel I dare speak. To his energy and hard work, we owe this site and building, and I hope that his portrait in this room will commemorate in a small way all he has done for the School. In conclusion, I should like to say with reference to many kind things that are said of the School, that no-one but those 'in the know' can tell how much love goes to the running of a School. In prize-givings, I hear the members of the various Staffs praised and thanked, and I think to myself that no school has such a hardworking staff as I have, they are so keen and interested; it is not only in School, but as much out of School that their educating work is carried on. I think that the parents appreciate this and they well may, and I would ask them, especially the parents of day scholars, to co-operate more by sending the children, regularly and punctually, and not letting amusements and late hours interfere quite so much with school work."

The BISHOP OF VICTORIA, who acted as chairman, congratulated the students on the entertainment they had provided. His lordship said they were always sure of hearing good singing at the school and they appreciated the services the school had rendered on one occasion to St. John's Cathedral by providing a choir. He wished to tell the girls that they had a great future before them. Girls and women were coming into their own. They had a lady member of Parliament and, perhaps, in the days to come, they would have a lady Prime Minister. One of these days they might also have a lady Bishop—(Laughter). The women had shown that they could do things just as men could, and he advised the students always to continue to do the very best they were able to do, whether in school or in the playground. They should work hard and play hard. Above all, they should try to learn how to become good wives and mothers and make their homes happy. They must learn how to manage a home and to make it bright and comfortable. He believed that in that school they were being taught how to make a good home and how to be good wives and mothers. He also wished to take that opportunity of thanking Miss Skipton for all she had done for the school for so many years. It was a great thing in those days to get a B.A. of Cambridge to come and take charge of a new school which had to be opened in inadequate premises and with uncertain funds. There were few ladies better qualified than Miss Skipton, and she was very good enough to come and remain with the school through all its vicissitudes. She battled on bravely and brought the school to what it was now. That was due to energy and hard work and to the splendid co-operation of the ladies who shared the work with her—(Applause.) He was glad to inform Miss Skipton that she was going to obtain some relief, as the Committee has been able to secure the services of three accomplished ladies through the efforts of Mrs. Pope. He thought the ladies were on their way now. They were glad they had in that school a Committee who had a real interest in it. In all the years that had passed the Committee had encouraged them by looking at the bright side of things, and their work had progressed, thanks

to their friend Mr. Compton, through whose optimism, they were able to secure that fine building, although they had no money at the time—(Applause.) He congratulated the school on having as their resident secretary and chaplain, the Rev. G. R. Lindsay, who had taken a keen interest in the school since his arrival—(Applause.) He felt that they ought not to be satisfied with the measure of success attained. They must aspire to many higher and better things, especially in the equipment and staffing of the school. If education was anything, it was a matter of paramount importance, and with the place of ladies were taking in the world's affairs to-day, they would see how important it was to have adequate and proper training. The training was based on religious character. His own feeling was that the time had come when the ladies who had devoted their lives to the work of teaching should be much more adequately paid. They could not expect to have a good staff at the salaries they had thought sufficient in the past. They must have bigger stipends and he hoped the Government would give them bigger grants. For education was just as important a matter as making good roads—in fact, more important. They did not want to charge parents increased fees, but they would have to if no money were forthcoming. They could not do better than give their children the best education they could. The teachers must be provided with better quarters, more leisure and more of the joys of life. They must do all they could to make their lives happy. So that they would be able to work better and obtain better results. It was important to train the bodies of the girls as well as their minds, and for that purpose he hoped some generous friend would provide a gymnasium to be attached to the school. It would be a good thing for the girls to take gymnastic exercises. He commended to the parents and friends of the school that they should not be satisfied with the conditions prevailing, but should look forward to better days, have a better place, a bigger staff and to pay that staff good wages—(Applause.)

The Bishop then introduced Mrs. Lander whom he said he knew fairly well and who had many good points—(Laughter.)

Mrs. Lander distributed the prizes to the students.

CLASS PRIZES.
Class 1, Maria Kacker; Class 2, Winifred Robinson; Class 3, Minnie Doodha; Class 4 (Upper), Julia Wong; Class 4 (Lower), Olivia Barretto; Class 5, Clotilde Barretto; Class 6, Stella Lee; Class 7, Maude White; Class 8 (Upper), Rose Ponsonby; Class 8 (Middle), Edward Abraham; Class 8 (Lower), Edith Wood.

HOLY SCRIPTURE.
1st Division.—1st, Winifred Robinson; 2nd, Mabel Gittins.
2nd Division.—1st, Olivia Barretto; 2nd, Irene Rapp.
3rd Division.—1st, Maude White; 2nd, Jessie Doyle.
4th Division.—1st, Bessie Mackay; 2nd, Ellen Hall.

NEEDLEWORK.
Upper School.—1st, Maggie Brockett; 2nd, Grace Lee.
Middle School.—1st, Violet Chan; 2nd, Olivia Barretto.
Lower School.—1st, Alda Chan; 2nd, Kitty Richardson.

DRAWING.
Upper Division.—1st, Maria Kacker; 2nd, Julia Wong and Daisy Pong.
Middle Division.—1st, Violet Chan; 2nd, Irene Rapp; 3rd, Helen Lam.
Lower Division.—1st, Reinaldo Remedios; 2nd, Olivia Barretto; 3rd, Hesta Hunt.
Kindergarten Division.—Willis Simpson.

SUBJECT PRIZES.
Maria Kacker (Grammar), Winifred Robinson (Literature), Lena Choi (Literature and Grammar), Maggie Brockett (Examination), Minnie Doodha (Grammar), Elizabeth Wong (Grammar), Audrey Dobson (Literature), Mary Hyde (Good Examination), Julia Wong (Geography), Alice Lam (Grammar), Olivia Barretto (History, Grammar and Geography), Irene Rapp (History, Geography and Grammar), Helen Lam (Grammar), Violet Chan (Grammar), Clotilde Barretto (Geography, Composition and History), Jean Ho Tung (Grammar and Examination), Margorie Mason (Composition), Reinaldo Remedios (Arithmetic, Composition and History), Hilda Sousa (History, Composition and Hygiene), Irene Mackay (Arithmetic and Composition), Elsie Silve (History and Composition), Maria Prata (History), Maude White (History, Geography, Composition, Arithmetic and Hygiene), Kathleen Grose (History, Arithmetic, Geography and Composition), Jessie Doyle (Hygiene and Composition), Olivia Barretto (Geography and Composition), Kitty Richards (Hygiene), Grace Ho Tung (Composition), Ethel Chan (Arithmetic), Annie Cross (Arithmetic and Geography), Alice Rosa (Arithmetic, Composition and Geography), Rose Ponsonby (Composition and Geography), Thalia Prata (Composition and Geography), Helen Smith (Composition), Mercedes Rosa (Geography), Maria Gomes (Arithmetic), Esther Chung (Arithmetic and Geography), Audrey Dawson (Arithmetic, Composition and Geography), Angus Macfie (Composition and Object Lesson), Kenneth Doyle, Edward Abraham, Bessie Mackay, Lucy Cheung, Edith Lam, Carmen Botelho, Florence Lam, William Kinkard, Bessie Mackenzie (Arithmetic), Ellen Hall (Examination and Arithmetic), Edith Wood, Alice Wood, Mary Nicoll, Arthur Smith, Fred, Dawson, Luigi Rosa, Afonso Barretto and William Simpson (Arithmetic).

HONGKONG UNIVERSITY.
Senior.—Maria Kacker, Mabel Gittins and Enid Cornell.
Junior.—Winifred Robinson (Distinction in Biblical Knowledge and English), Lena Choi.

MUSIC IMPROVEMENT.
Nina Lourenco and Minnie Doodha.

SHORTHAND—FRED—CERTIFICATE.
Esmé Cornell.

LEGARD SCHOLARSHIP.
Minnie Doodha.

At the conclusion the Rev. G. R. Lindsay proposed a vote of thanks to the Bishop and Mrs. Lander. He was very sorry they were going away as he knew how much they had done for the school. (Applause.) They had given long service to the Colony and he hoped God's blessing would rest on them at Home—(Applause.)

(Continued at foot of next column.)

COMPANY REPORT. HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

The one hundred and fourth report of the court of Directors reads as follows:—
Gentlemen,—The Directors have now to submit to you a General Statement of the affairs of the Bank, and Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December, 1929.

The net profit for that period, including \$3,279,611.43, balance brought forward from last account, after paying all charges, deducting interest paid and due, and making provision for bad and doubtful accounts and contingencies, amount to \$10,666,473.57.

The Directors recommend the transfer of \$2,000,000 from the Profit and Loss Account to credit of the Silver Reserve Fund, which Fund will then stand at \$21,000,000.

They also recommend writing off Bank Premises Account the sum of \$1,000,000. After making these transfers, deducting the Interim Dividend of £3 5/- per share, paid on 11th August last, viz. \$270,000 at 3/8=21,543,857.14, and Remuneration to Directors, there remains for appropriation \$3,093,615.43, out of which the Directors recommend the payment of a Final Dividend of Two Pounds and Five Shillings Sterling per Share, viz. \$270,000, and a Bonus of Three Pounds Ten Shillings Sterling per Share, viz. \$2,820,000 amounting in all to \$3,090,000 which at 4/10, the rate of the day, will absorb \$2,830,769.23.

The Balance \$3,262,847.20 to be carried to New Profit and Loss Account. The sterling equivalents of the various accounts are shown at 4/10, the rate ruling on the last day of the year.

DIRECTORS.
The Honourable Mr. E. V. D. Parr has been elected Chairman for the year 1930, and Mr. A. H. Compton Deputy Chairman.

The Honourable Mr. David Landale and Mr. G. T. M. Edkins having resigned their seats on leaving the Colony, the Honourable Mr. John Johnson and Mr. Ross Thomas were invited to fill the vacancies. Mr. J. W. C. Bonnar was also invited to join the Board. These appointments require confirmation at this meeting.

The Honourable Mr. Stanley H. Dodwell, Mr. W. L. Pattenden and Mr. J. A. Plummer, retire in rotation, but being eligible for re-election, offer themselves accordingly.

AUDITORS.
The Accounts have been audited by Mr. F. Maitland and Mr. E. A. M. Williams, who offer themselves for re-election.
J. A. PRUMMER,
Chairman.

Hongkong, February 17th, 1930.

HONGKONG TRAMWAY CO. LTD.

The approximate statement of traffic receipts for the week ending February 17th is as follows:—

This Year	Receipts for week	Aggregate receipts for 7 weeks
1929	\$14,647	\$3,474
Last Year	13,611	100,892
Increase	1,036	
Decrease		7,418

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

PREACHERS DURING LENT.

The Preachers at St. John's Cathedral on the Sundays in Lent will be as follows:—

February 22nd.—Matins: The Lord Bishop, subject "A godly, righteous and sober life in Hongkong at the present day"; Evening: Rev. E. Pym, B.N., subject "Prayer".

February 25th.—Matins: Rev. A. J. S. Starn, subject "First or Seventh"; Evening: Rev. G. B. Starn, B.N., subject "Righteousness".

March 7th.—Matins: Rev. G. T. Waldegrave, subject "The More Excellent Way"; Evening: Rev. G. B. Starn, B.N., subject "Righteousness".

March 14th.—Matins: Rev. A. D. Stewart, subject "The Joy set before Him"; Evening: Rev. H. Copley Moyle, subject "Memory".

March 21st.—Matins: The Lord Bishop, subject "A godly, righteous and sober life in Hongkong at the present day"; Evening: Rev. C. B. Shann, subject "The Great High Priest".

March 28th.—Matins: The Lord Bishop, subject "A godly, righteous and sober life in Hongkong at the present day"; Evening: Rev. H. Copley Moyle, subject "Death, the Great Adventure".

MACAO NOTES.

Macao, February 16th.

The three days of carnival are almost over. On Saturday there was a dance at the Club de Macao and on Sunday one at the Grémio Militar. Both were much enjoyed. This afternoon there was tea for children at the Club de Macao, when all the children appeared in fancy costume.

The Portuguese steamer *Luabo* anchored yesterday about 10 miles off the outer harbour. She brought to this city from Lourenço Marques (Africa) more than 600 native soldiers. The men arrived all well.

The British river gunboat *Tarantula* came in yesterday to relieve the *Mooreen*. Mr. C. Ricou arrived this afternoon in the sea-plane which is now intended to make regular trips to your port, Canton and back.

On Saturday and Sunday there will be the annual procession of the Cross. On Saturday the procession will leave Saint Agostin's church for the Cathedral at 7 o'clock. And on Sunday vice-versa, leaving the Cathedral at 4 o'clock. On arrival at Saint Agostin's Church, the Rev. Fr. Nunes will preach a sermon.

The Bishop, in returning thanks, said that perhaps the call of the East might bring him back some years hence, and he then hoped to see the school in more commodious buildings and taking a premier place in education in the Far East—(Applause.)

AUCTIONS

G. & R. PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

BY APPOINTMENT.

HUGHES AND HOUGH,

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT AND ADMIRALTY.

General Auctioneers,

Share, Coal and General

Produce Brokers

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

(For Account of the Concerned),

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY),

February 18th, 1930, at 10.30 A.M., at their

Sales Rooms, No. 6, Des Vœux Road,

Corner of Lee House Street,

SUNDAY HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Removed to Sale Room for Convenience of Sale.

Also

Two Sewing machines, Cabinet Gramophone and Two Pianos.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

PONIES! PONIES! PONIES!

PUBLIC ROUP.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Roup

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY),

February 18th, 1930, at 3 P.M., at the

Fontaine, opposite the City Hall.

A large number of well-known Race Ponies.

including:—

Snapshot, Brittas, Ludlow, Geordie Mac,

Pussy Foot, Woe Mouse and many others.

A quantity of Saddles, Bridles, Horse Clothing, &c.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

(For Account of the Concerned)

ON THURSDAY,

February 19th, 1930, at 10.30 A.M., at No. 10,

Knatsford Terrace, Top Flat.

THE

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

therein contained,

Comprising:—

Fumed Teak-wood Hallstand and Dining

Room Furniture, Morocco Leather-covered

Chest-dresser, Sofa and Arm-chairs, Pictures,

Ornaments, and Sundry Blackwood Furniture,

large and small, Teakwood Bedsteads,

Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, &c., Bed and

Table Linen, Cutlery and Plated Ware

including large Dinner Service complete,

New Aluminium Cooking Utensils, Bath

Room Utensils,

&c. &c. &c.

Also

Pot Plants, Electric Fittings, Singer's

Sewing Machine, and one Large Hall Clock.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

(For Account of the Concerned),

ON WEDNESDAY

February 25th, 1930, at 2.30 P.M., at No. 6

Observatory Villas, Kowloon.

THE

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

therein contained,

Comprising:—Hallstand, Blackwood Table

and Stands, Arm-chairs and Chesterfield Sofa

(one of Crawford make), good as new, Blackwood

Furniture comprising Cabinets, Music

Stand, Blackwood Overmantel, &c., &c.,

Engravings, Water Colours, Oil Paintings,

Office, &c., Carpets, Rugs and Curtains,

Fumed Teak Sideboard, Extension Dining

Table and Chairs, Silver Ware, Cabinet,

Glass and Crockery Ware, and a quantity of

good Electro Plate, Massive Brass Bedstead, hand-carved Cherrywood

Bureau, Wardrobes, Toilet Table, Camp-

wood Chest-of-drawers, &c., Enamelled

Baths, American Ice Chest, Sewing Machine,

&c., &c.

Also

Electric Fittings and Fans, Piano made for

ENGLAND ON LEAVE.

[CONTINUED.]

"If England was what England seems And not the England of our dreams"

How quick we'd leave her—but she ain't."

So many different reports as to the sort of time that may be expected in England are prevalent in the Colony that a few notes of actual facts may be of interest. But it must always be borne in mind that there are always differences of opinion as to what a "good time" really means. Furthermore, the circumstances of the people who propose to go on leave make all the difference. In the case of a bachelor I would say at once that he probably will have the time of his life, though if he has extravagant tastes or wishes to live luxuriously in Town he will probably have to pay heavily.

For married folk who go home there are, I think, three main difficulties:—The Housing Question; the Servant Question; and the question of "Supply and demand." For those who have houses to go to, or friends at home who can engage rooms, the first question is eliminated, and in many cases, also, the second.

It is very hard to find any place to live in at present. It is wise to write for accommodation in Town at least three months before one's boat leaves. If not, to cable from Colombo at the latest (via Suva); better, still from Hongkong previous to sailing. It is well-nigh impossible to get a flat in London. Hotels are very crowded and lodgings in the suburbs hard to find—and usually dear and nasty when found. Also, as one married man of my acquaintance put it, "When you tell the landlady you have one child, she merely says she can't take you in. When you admit you have two she is positively insulting."

There can be no doubt that the best course is to find some small sea-side place for the summer. It will be uncommonly difficult if you have no friends at home to arrange matters. The only way is to manage an abode for a month in or near Town and then leaving the family therein, rush round looking for rooms. There is a good deal of room in Devon or Cornwall if you avoid the better known "tripper" towns. Even in those, accommodation can be obtained for the winter months—say after September. In fact, this applies everywhere. But avoid well-known watering-places.

The Servant Question must next be considered. This, of course, applies to people who take houses. If you go into rooms you have got to make up your mind to forget you ever had "a boy" to look after you. Complaints are taken as personal insults. You will probably have to clean your own boots. But there will be a certain amount of a sort.

If, however, you take a house it is a different thing. Until the unemployment dole was stopped very few of the middle-classes had servants. I knew several families who lived in an eight-roomed house on an income of about seven hundred to one thousand pounds a year, but all they could get was the attendance of a charlady (we don't talk of charwomen now) and a maid. The cooking, dusting, beds, etc., had to be done by the women-folk while the men "cleaned" the boots and the grates. (Moral reflection: this is very good for the rising generation of girl, but a bore when you want her to play tennis and she "has" to do housework). Things are better now, and it is possible, as a rule, to get the services of a servant for about \$30 p.m. (if unskilled), but you will have to treat her with a certain amount of consideration. She will maintain her right to return at twelve at night on her evening out; and you must not rebuke her sharply. Breakages of crockery are frequent.

The whole point really lies in your own attitude. If you are by nature discontented, then you are going to hate it. If you are prepared to regard things more or less as a picnic you will be surprised to find how soon you begin to get comfortable. You will also find that the servants get more obliging when they see you are not trying to "put upon" them.

In the country the food situation is quite easy. There is a little shortage of sugar, and butter is hopeless. I found I had been eating margarine for three months, because one day I complained utterly that they had given me margarine. It so happened that was the only day I got a piece of butter—factory made. I do not want any more. Unless you make up your mind beforehand to dislike it you will find good margarine perfectly palatable.

In London the food question is more difficult, but when I went up to Town my hostess always managed to feed me without having recourse to a visitor's ration card. I believe you have to register yourself with dentist-dealers for butter, sugar and meat. Thereafter you have no more trouble.

As regards finance many things are undoubtedly expensive. I find that a bachelor can live quietly in the country, playing cricket and golf on the local course, on \$200 a year. This will give him an occasional week in Town; an occasional car when he feels like it; and quite comfortable rooms. If he wishes to run round sampling the various golf courses and living in Town it will cost anything from \$1,000 up. For married people, I find, without olive branches, I should say about \$750 per annum would do them comfortably if they lived quietly.

CORRESPONDENCE.

DOG OWNER AND THE ATHLETE.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR,—It is often the small things in life that proclaim the gentleman. On Monday evening a young Indian lad who had entered for Saturday's Marathon Race was doing his regular training. He was running near Leighton Hill Road when he was chased by a dog. The animal was about to bite him when he, in self-defence, kicked the dog. Instead of calling his dog away, the owner, a European, chased the lad with the evident intention of hitting him. Fortunately, the boy had sufficient speed to escape him. Had he received a blow on the chest from that powerful man, the boy, who had run over 5 miles previous to the incident, might have been killed. He would certainly have been seriously injured.

If the owner of that dog were chased by a dog, who threatened to take a piece off his leg, would he extend his leg, and say to the dog "Here you are, poor old chap, have a bite," or would he kick the dog off? In the latter event would he regard as a "gentleman" the owner who attempted to strike him for doing so? Or would he consider him a cad.—Yours faithfully,

CASABIANCA.

Hongkong, February 17th.

A FAIR RENTS TRIBUNAL WANTED.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR,—A Committee corresponding to the Fair Rents Tribunal threatened by H.E. the Governor was appointed over two years ago in Singapore, and has effectually stopped rent profiteering in that Colony. Things are going from bad to worse in Hongkong, and I earnestly appeal—hoping at the same time that you will wield your powerful pen in my support—to H.E. the Governor to appoint a Fair Rents Tribunal without any further loss of time. This Committee must investigate all cases of rent profiteering which are referred to them as having occurred during the past two years.

I know a case of a house in town which has been let for the past nine years at \$140 per month, and the rent has just been raised to \$200, and the tenant is also required now to pay taxes amounting to \$25. If this case comes up before the Fair Rents Tribunal, could the owner's action in raising the rent by \$76 be upheld?—Yours faithfully,

PAUL PRY.

Hongkong, February 17th.

THE WALTERS-KERRISON MATCH.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR,—May I be permitted to say that I entirely agree with the claim put forward by Eddie Walters as to his right to have the first contest with Sky Kerrison in preference to Iron Bux. According to the announcement made at the ring-side, the 14th inst. Walters was prevented from fighting his contract by the Doctor's orders. I take it from his letter which appeared in the *Morning Post* of the 17th inst. that he is now fit and anxious to meet Kerrison and if he can pass a satisfactory medical examination, the "Boxing Association" should allow these two men to settle their argument, and I would suggest the winner to meet Iron Bux. I hold no brief for either Walters or Kerrison, and don't care a rap who wins, providing it is the best man. I understand both men signed articles, and it is no fault of Walters if he was prevented from taking part on medical grounds. On the other hand Kerrison is entitled to a great deal of sympathy. I take it he had been training for some considerable time for this match with Walters, and as an old boxer knows what this means, it is not all "beer and skittles," and to save a great deal of ill-feeling between these men, and men of the Service they should be allowed to settle their differences. I am confident this would prove a great draw.—Enclosing my card, yours, etc.

RING SIDE FOLLOWER.

Hongkong, February 17th.

Children increase the expenses and complicate the matter enormously. That, I suppose, is because it is the duty of every good citizen to have children.—Mr. Lloyd George has said so. These figures are only rough, and I think the scale of things is coming down. Of course, if you bury yourself in a village and go in for simple pleasures such as picnics and fishing then you can do it on far less.

The two most annoying facts are these. In the first place alcohol may only be sold between noon and 2.30 p.m. and 6-10 p.m. Man seems to be so constituted that the fact that he cannot get a drink at any particular time causes him to want one then above anything else. The second is the attitude of the working-classes. It is surely always on the defensive—the "I'm-as-good-a-man-as-you-are" sort of air. No one wishes to deny it, but it is annoying if the man who is as good as you are takes your money to do something and then either doesn't do it, or does it in a skimped fashion.

But to sum up. England is a bad place to live in but a jolly good place for a holiday. But you have got to make up your mind to take things cheerfully. Festivals had better postpone their leave as elsewhere.

ARMS AND AMMUNITION CASES.

REVOLVERS ROUND THE WAIST.

The arrival of the s.s. *Empress of Russia* from America on Monday had as a sequel several arms and ammunition prosecutions before Mr. J. R. Wood, at the Magistracy yesterday.

A Chinese passenger, who had lived for some fifteen years in America where he carried on the business of a silk merchant, was charged with the possession of two revolvers which were found tied round his waist. He said he had had the weapons all the time he lived in America, and was taking them back to his home in Hongkong.

Mr. Wood imposed a fine of \$250 and ordered the revolvers to be confiscated.

RATHER GO TO JAIL.

Another man who was charged with the possession of 750 rounds of Winchester and automatic revolver ammunition, which was found concealed in a safety lamp, and in boxes of rasins, pleaded guilty and offered no excuse.

He was fined \$500, but he told the Magistrate he would rather go to jail as the fine was too heavy.

A STUDENT FROM VANCOUVER.

Mr. A. E. Hall defended a third man, also a passenger on the *Empress* liner, who was charged with the possession of four revolvers and 600 rounds of ammunition. Counsel pleaded guilty on his client's behalf, and asked for leniency. He said that his client was a student who had arrived from Vancouver. He was entirely ignorant of local regulations and brought the weapons with him on his way to his home in Sunning, Life and property were not at all safe in Sunning, and the weapons were meant for use against robbers. Counsel submitted that it was quite obvious that his client was not of the armed robber type.

A fine of \$750 was imposed and the weapons confiscated.

AMMUNITION IN CIGARETTE PACKETS.

A fourth Chinese, a boarding-house runner, was charged with the possession of a revolver and 90 rounds of ammunition. The Police said that, when searched, the revolver was found concealed in the defendant's girdle, and the ammunition was found in the various pockets of his clothing, carefully wrapped up in cigarette packets.

The defendant said that the things were given him by a passenger on board the *Empress* liner.

Mr. Wood sentenced defendant to two months' hard labour.

ALLEGED ARMED ROBBERY THREE MEN ARRESTED.

Two of the three men, who were arrested after they had, with three others, not in custody, committed an armed robbery on a cargo junk in Yaumati Bay, at 3.30 a.m., on Sunday, were charged before Mr. J. R. Wood, at the Magistracy yesterday.

Inspector Gordon informed the Magistrate that the other man was in hospital as a result of the hammering he had received from the boat people, and would not be able to be present for another week at least.

Outlining the case, the Inspector said that the defendants and three other men, not in custody, hired a small boat and rowed off to the junk which was lying off the M.B.K. coal godowns in the Yaumati Bay shelter, amongst other junks. Making fast to the stern of the junk, the robbers who were armed with knives, boarded the vessel, and taking the people on board by surprise, they bound and gagged them. The master and his wife were the only two who offered any resistance, and the woman was stabbed on the leg, hand and forehead, whilst the master was wounded near the heart. Both of them are out of danger, and are expected to recover. After binding the boat people, the robbers ransacked the vessel and stole a large quantity of clothing and jewellery valued at \$800. As they were about to depart, the boat master's wife managed to remove her gag, and putting her head out of a window called out "Save Life." In their hurry to leave the robbers capsized the rowing boat, and all fell into the water. The people in the neighbouring junks were awakened by the woman's cries and fished three of the men out of the water. They were severely handled by the boat people and then handed to two Chinese detectives. Some of the stolen jewellery was recovered from a pawnshop on Sunday afternoon, and this showed that the other robbers were not all drowned.

On the application of the Inspector, Mr. Wood formally remanded the prisoners until to-day.

A SECOND CASE.

Four men, were next charged with being concerned in the armed robbery at the gold smiths' shop at No. 178, Canton Road, Yaumati, at 8 p.m., on Sunday, and theft of a quantity of clothing and melted gold valued at \$200.

Sergeant O'Connell said the robbers broke open the door of the shop, and entered the premises. They produced revolvers and knives, and driving the master and his wife into the kitchen, they gagged and bound them, and, then, bolting the kitchen door, they ransacked the place and took away everything they could lay their hands on. The robbers made good their escape that night. On the following morning, witness made investigations, and as the result of information received, he went to No. 4 Reclamation Street with a search warrant. In a cup hanging from a nail above No. 1's bed, witness found

(Continued at foot of next column.)

THE MARATHON RACE.

CONDITIONS FOR THE COMPETITORS.

The conditions for Saturday's Marathon Race include the following:—

Each competitor will be provided with his race numbers in duplicate. These must be affixed to the singlet or shirt, one in front and one behind.

A competitor reporting at the starting point without both numbers will be prohibited from taking part in the race.

Any competitor not in receipt of his number by Wednesday, 18th February, is made responsible for reporting this fact to the Hon. Secretary of the Boxing Association and for duly procuring his duplicate numbers.

Start.—The starting point will be at the Statue Wharf, near the Queen Victoria Statue, and Hongkong Club. On the "fall in" being sounded, competitors will line up facing east. Nos. 1 to 10 will be in the first or front row; Nos. 11 to 20 in the second row; and so on. This order is to be maintained at the starting point, even though some Competitors do not turn up. That is to say, a man in the second row is not to step into a vacant place in any other row.

Winning Post.—This will be on the Water Front, opposite the Hongkong Club.

Conditions of Race.—1, no stopping; 2, no pacing; 3, refreshments allowed (provided there is no breach of conditions); 4, 2; 4, minimum clothing—singlets and shorts.

Complaints.—Complaints (if any) to be made to any Judge, Assistant Judge or Umpire. Same will be decided by the Judges and Chief Umpire at the conclusion of the Race, or at such other time as the Judge may appoint.

Prizes.—Cups will be presented to the first twenty men in. Winners are required to present themselves at the foot of the Queen Victoria Statue not later than twenty minutes after the conclusion of the Race.

MEETING OF UMPIRES.

A meeting of the Umpires of the Marathon Race will be held at Prince's Building to-morrow at 4.30 p.m.

SPORT.

CRICKET.

H.K.C.C. v. UNITED SERVICES.

The following will represent the Club in this match on Friday and Saturday next, play commencing at 10.30 a.m. sharp each day:—H. R. B. Hancock (capt.), C. Blaker, R. A. Brand, E. W. Day, D. E. Donnelly, E. W. Hamilton, E. J. R. Mitchell, T. E. Pearce, E. B. Reed, G. R. Spyer, and F. Sutton.

H.K.C.C. v. KOWLOON.

The following will play for the Club against Kowloon on Friday, play commencing at 10.30 a.m. sharp:—A. B. Raworth (capt.), C. Brown, A. Burnie, A. H. K. Cobb, P. Jacks, A. K. Mackenzie, W. W. Mackenzie, C. W. Martyn, Capt. H. E. Murray, D. Reid, and O. C. Stark.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

HONGKONG F.C. v. H.M.S. "HAWKINS."

The following will represent the Club against H.M.S. *Hawkins* on the Club ground this evening, kick-off at 5.30 p.m. Back: H. B. C. Way, Three-quarters: K. M. Henderson, J. W. Althamer, A. M. Wallace, Capt. Tomory, Halves: V. G. Smyth, A. G. Simpson, Forwards: J. Ralston, E. L. Moncrieff, C. M. de Courcy, P. G. de Paravacini, G. N. Linson, D. Reid, J. P. Walter and J. W. R. MacPhail. The Club will play in colours. This is the first game of Rugby played for five years and an interesting game should result. The Club side contains several good players and with practice and further knowledge of each other's play should develop into a useful lot. The *Hawkins* is said to contain a fine Rugby team, including Commander N. A. Woodhouse an international half.

EUROPEAN LADY VICTIMIZED EXEMPLARY SENTENCE FOR OFFENCE.

A Chinese boy was charged at the Magistracy yesterday, with snatching a hand bag from Miss L. Goodridge, who resides at No. 5, Cameron Villa.

Miss Goodridge was proceeding along Queen's Road Central, near the Central Market, with a lady companion on Monday, when the boy came alongside and snatched the bag from her hand. She promptly gave chase after the thief, who ran down Pottinger Street towards the Praya. At the latter place, the thief was caught and handed over to a policeman.

The bag was found on his person when he was arrested.

Mr. Smith sentenced defendant to three months' hard labour, to twelve strokes of the birch and to twenty-four hours' stocks.

the shop master's watch and a couple of goldmounted rattan bangles. Witness arrested him. Witness then went to No. 69 Canton Road where he arrested the second and third defendants, in whose cubicle the melted gold and some articles of jewellery and clothing were found. Later in the day, witness arrested the fourth defendant in a house in Reclamation Street. None of the loot was found in this house, but a large quantity of gags and wire were discovered. Witness then held an identification parade, and the first defendant was not identified by the shop people at all. All the witnesses identified the second defendant however, whilst the other two men were each identified by a *joki* of the shop. The prisoners were remanded until Thursday.

FURNISHING FABRICS

FOR

LOOSE COVERS

IN

CRETONNES

AND

TAFFETAS

WE HAVE A SPLENDID RANGE TO SELECT FROM AND SHALL BE PLEASED TO SEND PATTERNS.

ALL LOOSE COVERS ARE CUT BY EXPERIENCED MEN AND WE GUARANTEE PERFECT FIT.

TELEPHONE 1741.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

UNIVERSAL IMPORT & EXPORT COMPANY.

General Commission Agents,

IMPORTERS-EXPORTERS.

Hotel Mansions (Rooms No. 23, 25, 27) P.O. Box 312.
Telegraphic address: UNIMPEXCOY Hongkong.
Telephone No. 3422.

During my temporary absence, Mr. LOUIS ROUFFET will be in charge of our Hongkong Office.

UNIVERSAL IMPORT & EXPORT Co.,
J. E. DE BEAUCHAMP,
General Manager for the Far East.

Hongkong, February 17th, 1920.

COLUMBIA HUMOROUS RECORDS

NEW STOCK OF

"COHEN"

"CASEY"

"BILLY WILLIAMS"

ETC., ETC.

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.,

16, Des Voeux Road.

Tel. 1322.

Powell Ltd.

TELEPHONE 344

"ATLAS" REGD.

SHIRTS AND PYJAMAS

WEAR

AND

DYE

GUARANTEED.

New stock just received

in SMART DESIGNS

in TAFFETA, FLANNEL

ZEPHYR, OXFORD.

SHIRTS from \$2.75 PYJAMAS from \$4.50.



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HONGKONG BOXING ASSOCIATION.

MARATHON RACE.

MOTORISTS are currently requested not to use the Route over which the Race is being run between 3 P.M. and 4.30 P.M. on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21st.

433

WANTED.

AN INDIAN INTERPRETER is required for the Magistracy with a thorough knowledge of the English language and of Hindustani and Urdu. No appointment will be made unless a competent candidate is forthcoming. Any candidate selected will be required to translate Urdu and Gurmukhi documents and to do General Clerical Work in addition to interpretation in Court. The appointment will be made permanent after a satisfactory probation period of twelve months. Salary \$1,440 to \$1,500 per annum (biennial increments of \$150). Application should be made by letter to the Magistrate's Clerk.

1434

WANTED.

A WIRELESS Operator for French & "Bangkok" bound for Europe via Calcutta.

Departure:—On or about February 21st, 1920.

For particulars apply to—

R. RODENFUSER,

Agent,

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

1435

REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18TH,
TEA DANCING AND DINNER DANCE.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20TH,
TEA DANCING AND DINNER DANCE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21ST,
TEA DANCING AND DINNER DANCE.

EACH SUNDAY.

ORCHESTRAL CONCERTS DURING
TIFFIN AND AFTERNOON TEA.

210

BANK HOLIDAYS.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 5 of 1912, the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the transaction of PUBLIC BUSINESS on FRIDAY, and SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20th, and 21st, 1920.

Hongkong, February 16th, 1920.

433

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OFFICE.

NOTICE.

CHINESE NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS.

THIS DEPARTMENT will be entirely CLOSED on FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20th, 1920. It will be Open for all purposes till Noon, on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21st, 1920. Licensed Warehouses will be entirely closed on those dates.

C. W. BECKWITH,

Superintendent,

Imports and Exports.

Hongkong, February 16th, 1920.

1434

NOTICE.

WE have this Day admitted Mr. A. D. BARRETT, as a Partner in our Firm.

J. M. DA ROCHA & CO.

Hongkong, 17th February, 1920.

1421

NEW FRENCH LOAN 5 PER CENT.

PRICE OF ISSUES FRs. 100.

REDEMPTIBLE at FRs. 150. in 80 years by half yearly drawings.

Interest payable on the 1st of May and 1st of November.

Drawings to take place on the 16th of March and the 16th of September of each year.

1st drawing on the 16th of September, 1920. 1st coupon of Frs. 3.50 to be paid on the 1st of November 1920.

Subscriptions will be received up to the 10th of March next by the

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE,

L. BERINDEAU,

Manager.

Hongkong, February 16th, 1920.

427

NEW FRENCH LOAN 5 PER CENT.

1920.

UNDER THE GUARANTEE OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

THE Local Branch of the BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE will receive subscriptions for the New French Loan 5 per cent. from the 19th February to the 10th of March next.

The Loan is free of income tax and redeemable in 80 Years at 15 per cent. by half yearly drawings, the interest coupons being payable on 1st May and 1st November of each year.

Fully paid subscriptions at par.

Partly paid subscriptions at 101 per cent.

Fr. 25—when subscribing.

Fr. 25—on the 1st of April.

Fr. 25—on the 15th of July.

Fr. 25—on the 1st of August 1920.

M. ROUET DE JOURNEL,

Manager.

Hongkong, February 16th, 1920.

433

INTIMATIONS

HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18th, 1920, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending December 31st, 1919.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from February 11th, to February 21st (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be Registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hongkong, February 2nd, 1920.

1427

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS in this Corporation will be held at the CURRY HALL, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 20th day of FEBRUARY 1920, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors together with a statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1919.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from MONDAY, February 16th, to SATURDAY, February 20th, 1920 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
N. J. STARR,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, February 10th, 1920.

1398

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above named Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 23rd day of FEBRUARY, 1920, to SATURDAY, the 28th day of FEBRUARY, 1920, both days inclusive.

Dated this 16th day of February, 1920.

By Order of the Board,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents.

1426

G. R.

WAR DEPARTMENT CONTRACTS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at Headquarters Office, Victoria Barracks, Hongkong, until 12 o'clock Noon on the dates stated, for the undermentioned services for a period of twelve months from April 1st, 1920:

Forage & Indian Supplies, February 26th, 1920.

Meat & General Supplies "A", February 27th, 1920.

General Supplies "B", March 1st, 1920.

Barack Services, March 2nd, 1920.

Transport Services, March 4th, 1920.

Hospital Supplies, March 5th, 1920.

Fuel & Washing, March 8th, 1920.

Tender Forms and any necessary information may be obtained at the above Office between the hours of 10 A.M. and 1 P.M. daily.

Tenders will not be entertained unless accompanied by a deposit of \$100 as a guarantee of good faith.

The right to reject the lowest or any tender is reserved.

Hongkong, February 14th, 1920.

419

G. R.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 22nd day of FEBRUARY, 1920, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Shaukiwan Road, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Bldg.	Boundary Measurements.	Occupants.	Annual Rent.	Estimated Price.
1	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1	1,200	1,200
2	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1	1,200	1,200
3	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1	1,200	1,200
4	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1	1,200	1,200
5	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1	1,200	1,200
6	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1	1,200	1,200
7	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1	1,200	1,200
8	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1	1,200	1,200
9	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1	1,200	1,200
10	100 ft. by 100 ft.	1	1,200	1,200

1420

FOR SALE.

MODERATE PRICE.

OWNER leaving Colony, Substantially built seven-roomed House, Peak, Large Veranda, Central Heating (Oil Fuel) making House dry and comfortable all times of the year. Lawn, Gardens, Room, Good Basement (17 min. to Summer), Warm and Sunny in Winter. Suitable for Taipei, or easily convertible into 3 houses during present shortage.

Apply—

Box 432,

Care of "Daily Press" Office.

Hongkong, February 16th.

1423

INTIMATIONS

WANTED.

ENGLISH NURSE or NURSERY GOVERNESS for Girl of 6, for Singapore.

Apply stating age and experience to—

Box 408,

Care of "Daily Press" Office.

408

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

A LARGE HOUSE with plenty of ground on the Peak, upper or middle levels.

Apply—

Care of "Daily Press" Office.

416

TO LET FURNISHED.

6-ROOMED HOUSE at Barker Road, Magazine Gate, with Large Garden and Cement Tennis Court, for 6 months from April 1st, 1920.

For particulars apply to—

Box 134,

Care of "Daily Press" Office.

416

TO LET.

OFFICE premises, Queen's Road Central.

Apply—

"A.B.C."

Care of "Daily Press" Office.

346

TO LET.

A GODOWN at Yau Ma Tei.

Apply to—

THE HONGKONG LAND RECLAMATION CO., LTD.

1307

TO LET.

4-ROOMED FLAT, top of Prince's Building, Fully Furnished, from April 1st, to October 31st, 1920.

For full particulars apply to—

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

337

TO LET.

A OP in Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Apply to—

HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.

Alexandra Buildings

68

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM NEW YORK.

THE Steamship

"MATOPPO"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of Holts Wharf, Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claim will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after February 23rd, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamship must be presented to the U. S. Consignee on or before March 2nd, 1920, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined on any Tuesday or Friday between the hours of 10 A.M. and Noon, within the free storage period.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Shills of Lading will be countersigned by THE BANK LINE LIMITED, General Agents.

Hongkong, February 18th, 1920.

1429

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

STEAMERS FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, BOMBAY, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS & LONDON.

Through Bills of Lading issued for Baggage, American, Continental, and South African Ports.

THE Homeward Mail Steamer "DUNERA"

carrying His Majesty's Mail, will be despatched from this port about March 14th, 1920, taking Cargo for the above Ports.

Passenger accommodation in the connecting vessel, if available, secured before departure from Hongkong.

Silk and Valuable Cargo for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be conveyed by this Steamer proceeding to Bombay and there transhipped to the out-carrying Steamer for Marseilles and London.

Parcels will be received at the Office until 12 Noon the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.

For further particulars, sailing dates, etc., Apply to—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,

P. & O. S. N. Co.

Post Box 113,

22 Des Voeux Road Central.

A. G. DA ROCHA,

IS THE AUCTIONEER.

INTIMATION

WATSON'S

E

WHISKY

maintains the same

HIGH quality TO-DAY

as BEFORE and during

the War.

Per Case including duty.

\$29.00

A. S. WATSON & CO.,

LIMITED.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

TEL. No. 616

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VOEUX ROAD, C.

LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, FEBRUARY 18TH, 1920.

UNIVERSITY TRAINING FOR JOURNALISTS

A WELL-PLANNED effort to ensure a thorough and practical education for journalists is being made by London University.

In response to a widespread demand, and largely for the sake of demobilised officers and men who may wish to take up journalism as a career, a diploma course has been organised, which will normally last for two years.

It is often contended—and not without reason—that journalism can only be learnt in newspaper offices. As Mr. R. A. SCOTT JAMES pointed out recently in the *Athenaeum*, the class-room is no place for teaching a youth to report an earthquake. The instinct for news, the sense for what will absorb public attention here and now, and now only, is hardly to be acquired in the spacious and leisurely atmosphere of Academia. The prevalent view is that if a man is not born a journalist he will never become a journalist; and if he is so gifted by the gods, then he will only pick up the necessary tricks of the trade in the rough-and-tumble of his calling; his writings must be castigated in an office; his ardour must be incited by news-editors, and quelled by sub-editors. He must forget all that he has formerly learned, and pass through the mill before he can hope to emerge. The so-called higher branches of journalism can generally look after themselves from the educational, if not from the commercial, point of view, for they are recruited from men of University standing or from the exceptional men who have forced their way through all the stages of the profession. It is, therefore, the reporter, the paragraph writer, the interviewer, the sub-editor and the like, who, constituting the normal bulk of the profession, must be kept specially in view, and only to a lesser extent the embryonic editor, leader-writer, special correspondent, or critic. There cannot, of course, be any pretence to turn out the complete journalist; the aim must be to give the student a certain mental training, a background of knowledge, and a habit of thinking upon those broad subjects which will present themselves to him again and again throughout the whole of his subsequent career. The organisers of the course have borne the practical difficulty in mind, and, in an attempt to cope with it, have made arrangements for a great deal of instruction to be given to the students by some of the leading journalists in England. This instruction will take the form of extra lectures and discussions, and will be additional to the course of study laid down for all students who take the diploma. That course naturally includes as its first feature English composition, but after this the range of subjects offered to the student is significantly wide and many of its features are of great interest as showing how opinion in England is trending to-day. In the second group of subjects, students will be required to study and to satisfy the examiners in two out of the following three—principles of criticism, history of political ideas, and general history and development of science. The third alternative is specially interesting, for its inclusion suggests that the people who know most about journalism in England to-day are thoroughly awake to the importance of science in the world of to-day, and are determined that the writers of the future shall be trained to discuss and report its progress. The same idea is manifested in the third group of subjects from which students must select three. The subjects are English literature, history, political science, economics, modern languages, natural science, either biological or physico-chemical, and, lastly, philosophy and psychology. The determination to make the future instructors of the English really acquainted with modern science is shown even more plainly in the detailed outlines of lectures. Take, for instance, the matter of economics. In the syllabus the headings of the lectures are given, and one finds such attractive lines as "The relative material welfare of nations and other groups of persons inhabiting different territories," "General elementary technique of statistics treated with a view to the accurate interpretation of statistics now published currently in the United Kingdom," "Illustrations of general principles regarding public expenditure, revenue, and debts found in the practice of the United Kingdom and other countries." Of particular value for would-be journalists are some of the lectures which are to be given in the psychology section and are confessedly to include practical exercises for the self-training of the students. These lectures will include studies of the principles of attention and memory, of imitation and suggestion, and the sense of value studied in relation to advertisement, public opinion and public feeling. There will also be study of individuality and character as revealed in biography and the psychological novel. More valuable still, perhaps, will be the course of instruction in political science, which will range from a consideration of the central government of the United Kingdom to a consideration of the psychology of modern society. In this as in all other matters the students will be instructed not merely in that which has been achieved in their own country but in the results of experiment and investigation in all other countries. All these are branches of knowledge, a firm grasp of which would make all the difference between the shoddy retailer of news and the informed instructor of the public. The students who go through the course of study laid down and obtain the diploma will have a fine grasp of the facts of modern life, not as they affect their own country alone but as they affect all the nations of the earth. They will be able to read and to interpret foreign newspapers with intelligent sympathy. Many of them will have gained knowledge of various languages in the course of their studies, and all of them will have acquired that wide outlook, that universal sympathy, which is more than ever necessary to-day.

Two cases (two deaths) of cerebro-spinal fever were reported in the Colony during the week which ended on Saturday.

The annual Chinese fair in connection with the New Year, is now in full swing. There is the usual display of brass, gold-fish and a miscellaneous lot of rubbish.

The seaplane flight to Macao occupied just 53 minutes. A telegram to that effect was received yesterday from Mr. Johnson by Commodore L. Beaumont, President of the American Aerial Commission.

The influenza epidemic obtained another wave of support from the extremely wet weather last week, when 21 deaths occurred. Of these one patient was British, one Malay and the rest were Chinese.

Twenty-nine Hankow bachelors are to "celebrate 1920" by a private Leap Year Ball on February 28th. The ladies' dresses are to be of black and white only, and the men will wear silk knee-breeches and stockings.

The president of the Munson Steamship line has stated before a Senate committee at Washington that the great market of the future for American trade is the Orient. He declared that his company might start a service to the Orient.

The North Borneo Chamber of Commerce has been discussing the subject of passage rates for labourers from Hongkong, and the Secretary was instructed to make representations to the Agents of the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co. on the subject.

CABLES.

LATEST CABLES.

COAL STRIKE MENACE.
CONSIDERABLE CONFLICT OF
OPINION.

LONDON, February 13th.
There is a considerable conflict of opinion as regards the predicted coal strike.
Some of the most influential miners' representatives in Parliament declare that there is no immediate cause for alarm; on the contrary coalowners and miners' leaders in South Wales state that the strike is bound to come, and point out that the Government has been preparing for some time by buying up all available coal and has, consequently, accumulated big reserves.

EARLIER CABLES.

STRIKE THREATENED IN SIX
WEEKS.

LONDON, February 13th.
Mr. Hartshorn, M.P., the miners' leader, declared that the issue of nationalisation will be decided outside Parliament. He opined that a national strike will occur six weeks hence, and that the miners will hold out "until their ribs fall in."

LATEST CABLES.

COURT OF INTERNATIONAL
JUSTICE.
COMMISSION OF INQUIRY.

LONDON, February 13th.
The Commission of jurists appointed by the League of Nations to inquire into the organisation of the permanent Court of International Justice includes Baron Descamps, the Belgian Minister of State, Signor Fadda, Professor in the Naples University, Mr. Gram, ex-Judge of the Mixed Tribunal in Egypt, Dr. Loder, of the Supreme Court of the Netherlands, Lord Phillimore, Hon. Eliba Root, member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague, M. Vessiat, the Jugo-Slav Ambassador in Paris, Mr. Sataum Akidzuki, the ex-Japanese Ambassador in Vienna.

PEACE TREATY IN AMERICAN
SENATE.SENATOR LODGE PREPARED TO
COMPROMISE.

WASHINGTON, February 13th.
The Peace Treaty is again before the Senate. The prospects of ratification are brighter than before. It is stated that President Wilson is prepared to give further concessions on the Senate reservations, and Senator Lodge is ready to make a compromise. The latter now suggests that until America's voting power in the League of Nations is equal to any other member, including the Dominions or the Colonies, the United States will not be bound by a decision in which a member and the Dominions cast more than one vote.

EARLIER CABLES.

TO BE CONSIDERED THIS WEEK.

WASHINGTON, February 13th.
The Peace Treaty has been reported back to the Senate by the Foreign Relations Committee, and will be considered next week.

LATEST CABLES.

ALLIES' REPLY TO HOLLAND.
WILL KAISER BE SENT TO JAVA?

LONDON, February 13th.
It is understood that the terms of the Allied reply to the Dutch Note imply at least a constructive invitation to Holland to consider the alternative of sending the ex-Kaiser to some distant part of the Dutch Dominions, as for example, Java.

EARLIER CABLES.

TO BE TRIED IN GERMANY?

BERLIN, February 13th.
Herr Schiffer, the Minister of Justice, stated that the supreme state attorney is already taking steps to bring the German war criminals mentioned in the Allied extradition lists to trial before German courts according to German law.

LATEST CABLES.

HUNGARY ASKS FOR
PLEBISCITE.
IN DISPUTED TERRITORY.

PARIS, February 13th.
The Hungarian Delegation has submitted a Note containing observations on the Peace Treaty.
The Note emphasises the necessity of maintaining the integrity of Hungary, and demands taking a plebiscite in the disputed territories and promises to guarantee the rights of the minorities in the Transylvania.

EARLIER CABLES.

THE EX-CROWN PRINCE
OFFERS HIMSELF IN PLACE OF
900 GERMANS.

AMSTERDAM, February 13th.
In connection with the report that the German ex-Crown-Prince telegraphed the Kings of England, Belgium, and Italy, the Presidents of France and the United States, and the Emperor of Japan, offering to take the place of the 900 Germans whose extradition was demanded by the Allies, it is reliably stated that the offer was made entirely without the knowledge of the ex-Kaiser.

A Washington telegram referring to this asserts that President Wilson opposes the Allies' demand.

THE NORTH SCHLESVIG
PLEBISCITE.
DECISION TO UNITE WITH
GERMANY.

FLENSBURG, February 13th.
The international commission officially announce that the North Schlesvig plebiscite resulted in 75,151 votes being cast in favour of union with Denmark, and 75,331 for Germany.
The Danish authorities have entered North Schlesvig to prepare for the assumption of Danish administration.
Voting in the middle zone will probably take place on March 14th.

JAPAN AND POLAND.
AN ASSURANCE FROM THE
EMPEROR.

WARSAW, February 13th.
On the occasion of the coming into force of the Treaty of Versailles, the Emperor of Japan sent assurance to the Polish Government of Japan's desire to collaborate with Poland.

FRANCE THREATENS
GERMANY.
FOR NON-FULFILMENT OF TREATY
TERMS.

COPENHAGEN, February 13th.
From Berlin it is semi-officially stated that M. Millerand handed the German mission in Paris a Note stating that in view of Germany's non-fulfilment of the conditions of Article 423 of the Peace Treaty, whereby Germany undertook to deliver to the Allies 1,600,000 tons of coal monthly till April 30th, the time limits for Allied evacuation of the occupied territory had not yet begun to run; also if on March 1st. Germany had not delivered the arrears of coal due, besides the full quantity due in February, France would be obliged to resort to an economic and financial embargo and reprisals.

AMERICA AND TURKEY.
DEMAND FOR MURDERERS OF
AMERICANS.

WASHINGTON, February 13th.
The U.S. Government has demanded that Turkey take steps for the apprehension and punishment of the murderers of the American relief workers who were attacked while accompanying a convoy on January 22nd.

WHO WON THE WAR?
ADMIRAL SIMS EXPLAINS.

WASHINGTON, February 13th.
Admiral Sims denied before the Senate Committee that he had sought to belittle the efforts of America in the war, but he did attempt to correct the idea in the minds of certain Americans that the United States were winning the war because this was harmful to us in the eyes of the Allies.

LATEST CABLES.

SILVER QUEEN'S SUCCESSOR.
SOUTH AFRICAN GOVERNMENT
BUYS ANOTHER MACHINE.

LONDON, February 13th.
Reuter learns that the South African Government has purchased another Vickers-Vimy in Cairo to enable Vanryneveld to continue the fight to the Cape.

EARLIER CABLES.

LONDON TO THE CAPE.

LONDON, February 13th.
Cockerill's Vickers-Vimy, on its way to the Cape, has returned to Jebel, 200 miles south of Khartoum, owing to engine troubles.

ROME TO TOKYO FLIGHT.

ROME, February 13th.
Aleppo reports that the leading aeroplane in the Rome to Tokyo flight was badly damaged when landing in a Syrian desert. Pilots Bonalumi and Scavini are returning to Aleppo owing to the impossibility of effecting repairs.

THE NEW FRENCH LOAN.
PARIS HOARDINGS GAY WITH
POSTERS.

PARIS, February 10th.
A Havas message says:—
The hoardings in Paris during the past few days have been gay with the first posters issued for the Great National Loan to commence in ten days. The Loan carries 5 per cent interest, is issued at 100 francs and is redeemable at 150 within 60 years.

SPITZBERGEN.

PASSES UNDER SOVEREIGNTY OF
NORWAY.

PARIS, February 10th.
A Havas message says:—
Yesterday there was signed at the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Treaty by which Spitzbergen passes under the sovereignty of Norway. Mr. Matsui represented Japan.

THE FRENCH PRESIDENT.
RESIGNS PRESIDENCY OF THE
CHAMBER.

PARIS, February 10th.
A Havas message says:—
This afternoon M. Deschanel resigned the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies and the Deputy mandate.

COMPULSORY TRAINING IN
AMERICA.

OPPOSED BY DEMOCRATS.

WASHINGTON, February 13th.
In spite of President Wilson's warning that it would be inadvisable for the Democrats to oppose compulsory military training, at their party meeting a Democratic caucus proposed a resolution urging that no measure providing for universal compulsory military service or training should be passed by this Congress.

JAPANESE SHAVING BRUSHES
IMPORT INTO BRITAIN PRO-
HIBITED.

LONDON, February 13th.
An Order in Council prohibits the importation into Britain of shaving brushes manufactured in or exported from Japan.

THE BOLSHEVIK MENACE.
WOULD BRING MUCH EVIL TO
BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 14th.
Mr. Winston Churchill speaking at Dundee, emphasised that we had been bound to help against the Bolsheviks. It was a question of honouring our promises. He was profoundly convinced that the Allies would ultimately rue the fact that they had not taken more decided action to crush the Red peril.

He advocated the making of an early peace with Turkey, being careful not to trample upon Mohammedan principles. He declared there were no differences between the Coalition and Independent Liberals justifying a division which might end in rule by the Socialists. He was surprised that the Labour Party was in love with Bolshevism. The proletariat in Russia was ruled by a gang of miscreants. The Government should not begin friendly relations with them. He was of opinion that Bolshevism would bring much evil to Britain, France and the United States. Labour was not fit to govern. It had become a class party fighting for class interests and its policies would be disastrous to the prosperity and unity of the Empire.

SILVER COINAGE BILL.
REDUCTION OF FINENESS.

LONDON, February 13th.
The Silver Coinage Bill provides the reduction of the fineness of silver coinage from 925 to 500.

EARLIER CABLES.

THE SILVER MARKET.

A NEW RECORD.

LONDON, February 13th.
Silver has risen to 89½d for cash, which is a new record. The forward price remains at 87½d. As a result of the removal of the prohibition on imports of silver to India on private account, India as well as China bought yesterday.

LATEST CABLES.

ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE BY
ELECTION.

RETURN OF COALITION UNIONIST.

LONDON, February 13th.
In the Ashton-under-Lyne by-election the following was the result:—
SIR WALTER DERRICK (Coalition Unionist) 8,364
MR. ROBINSON (Labour) 8,387
MR. MARSHALL (Liberal) 3,511
[In the last election the Rt. Hon. Sir Albert Stanley (recently raised to the Peerage) was returned unopposed.]

EGYPTIAN MINISTER.

RESIGNS HIS OFFICE.

CAIRO, February 13th.
Sirry Pasha has resigned.

EARLIER CABLES.

ANGLO-FRENCH RELATIONS.

IMPORTANT MISSION LEAVES FOR
LONDON.

PARIS, February 10th.
A Havas message says:—
M. Millerand leaves Paris for London tomorrow, accompanied by the Finance Minister, Marshal Foch and General Franchet d'Esperey. The journey assumes great importance and political circles generally hope that the outstanding questions between France and Britain will be fully discussed and definite steps taken towards a close and permanent Anglo-French agreement.

THE AMERICAN NAVY.

FIVE SUBMARINES MISSING.

WASHINGTON, February 13th.
The Navy Department announces that five American submarines are missing between Bermuda and Hampton Roads, Virginia. Destroyers are searching for them.

BELGIAN FOREIGN POLICY.

NEUTRALITY UNDESIRABLE.

In the Belgian Chamber on December 23rd. M. Hymans, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, gave some explanations with regard to foreign policy. On the subject of the negotiations with Holland over the 1839 Treaty he declared that the negotiations relating to the river questions are progressing well, and he had reason to hope that Belgium would obtain appreciable improvements in the 1839 Regulations.

As for the questions of security and defence, M. Hymans said: "We have met with serious difficulties, but it is impossible to enlighten the Chamber further at present. I am able to state that those negotiations could not lead Belgium to undertake any pledge of neutrality. In fact a return to the conventional neutrality would be the strangest of contradictions. Neutrality would compel Belgium to treat Germany in every respect on the same footing as our Allies of the war. Neutrality would prevent us from establishing real guarantees by means of military arrangements with our Allies. Belgium wished to decide her own fate in complete independence, and to remain free to choose her friendships and her supporters."

Referring to the question of guarantees, M. Hymans said it was natural and necessary for the stability of Europe that Belgium, France, and England should work together and take whatever measures their desire for security might render necessary. "The war," he continued, "established between us a solidarity which gave us victory, and that solidarity must survive any fresh attempt at conquest."

On the subject of Luxemburg, the Foreign Minister declared that no action which may have been taken by the Belgian Government has meant a refusal to consider the possibility of a rapprochement under new circumstances.

OBSERVATION OF LENT.
IMPORTANCE IN NON-CHRISTIAN
COUNTRIES.

The Rev. H. Copley Moyle delivered the following sermon on Sunday morning at St. John's Cathedral, taking for his text, "Prepare ye the way of the Lord" (St. Luke, III, 4).—

Next Wednesday is Ash Wednesday, the first day of Lent. The forty days of Lent are appointed by the Church as days of fasting, the Sundays are not days of Lent. Sunday is always a festival, the weekly commemoration of the Resurrection of Our Blessed Lord. How many people in this congregation have already given some time to the consideration of the way they will observe Lent! There can be no doubt that if we lived where it was the universal custom to observe Lent, carefully, everyone here to-day would so observe it, but because we live in a non-Christian country and among people who think nothing of Lent, it may safely be predicted that there are many to whom Lent will make no difference whatever. They will go with the multitude, eating and drinking as much as ever and taking every pleasure they can seize. If the thought of God occurs to them they will hastily put it away. But there are others who no doubt will make some effort to observe the season. To such I would put the question: "What is to be the aim of your Lenten observance? Let us set before ourselves a high aim this Lent. Let us resolve to make progress in our knowledge of God. Let this be the end and aim of all we do. Let it be at the back of all our acts of self-denial and self-mortification; let it inspire our times of thought and meditation, let it be the object of all our Bible study. To know God better is a worthy Lenten resolution. We shall do well to think out each one for himself, how best we shall accomplish this. And then resolve that each day we will give so much time to Prayer, and Bible study and meditation. Our Lenten resolves ought to be positive rather than merely negative. We are far too apt to think of Lent chiefly as a time when we give up something, rather than as a time when we make real progress—Godwards and acquiring habits, powers and virtues and good habits. Fasting is good, and most people would be much better and more physically as well as spiritually if they really fasted in Lent. And that is particularly true in this place where we live more pampered and luxurious lives than we do in England. To give up the use of wine and spirits and tobacco, and to restrict our amusements during Lent, would do us much good if we apply the money and time so saved to good purposes, and the use of the increased pleasure in the use of these things—Lent is over. But let us always remember that the giving up of such things is not an end in itself, but a means to an end. The end that we must ever keep in view is to increase our knowledge of God. If our fasting helps us to do so then it is good, but if it brings us no clearer knowledge of God and makes us less agreeable to our neighbours then it is worse than useless. We fast to gain self-control over our body, but we must not think that the body is the enemy of the spirit; it ought to be the servant. The unfortunate translation of St. Paul's expression in the third chapter of his epistle to the Philippians, which appears in our Authorised Version of the Bible as "our vile body," has misled some people into thinking of the body as the enemy of the spirit. It may be that the word "vile" had not the same evil connotation three hundred years ago, but it has now, for its primary meaning was "cheap" or of small price, yet even in Shakespeare we find the word "vile" used in almost its modern sense. Certainly the rewording of the Revised Version more accurately conveys the thought of St. Paul. We ought not to think of our body as an evil thing to be crushed, but as something capable of being trained into a very efficient instrument of the spirit. There was in the early ages of the Christian Church a heresy known as Manichaeism, which taught that all matter was essentially evil. At one time, before his conversion that much over-estimated teacher, St. Augustine, was an adherent of Manichaeism, and though he had renounced its teaching before he became a Christian, the heresy has influenced his writings and through him has gained influence in the Christian Church, leading to make Christians regard the body as an enemy to be crushed, instead of regarding it as a servant to be trained for God or as a temple to be made a fitting habitation of the Holy Spirit. We have a three-fold nature: body, soul and spirit.

"It is an ancient notion," says a modern writer approvingly, "that human nature ought to be like a chariot; the body is the material frame work; the powers of the soul are the steeds by which this is wheeled along; but the spirit is the charioteer by whose keen eye the course is determined and in whose hands the reins are held."

Our Lenten self-denial should help each part of our nature to occupy its proper place in relation to the other parts. There is a tendency for the body to acquire a rule over the soul and spirit instead of being their servant. I am not speaking now of drunkenness and gluttony and vice, where the soul and spirit are slaves to the bodily appetites. These things are recognised by everyone as evil. But there are more refined ways in which the body may gradually usurp dominion over the mind and spirit, to the great loss of the individual. Habits of luxury and ease which allow the body too much consideration are apt to grow upon us, till they hold us in a bondage which it is hard to break. The too constant use of chairs and sofas might be instance here. Their use might be curtailed by many people for a season and the money saved given away; in many cases it would suffice to support a homeless child for many days in one of the Homes for Waifs and Strays. To many it would be a good thing to change their hour of rising and put it earlier, and use the time thus gained for prayer and meditation and careful reading of the Bible or some devotional book.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

RESIGNATION OF MR. LANSING.
ACCUSED OF USURPING
PRESIDENTIAL POWERS.

The American Consulate-General has received a Navy wireless message indicating that the Secretary of State of the United States, Mr. Robert Lansing, has resigned his office (effective February 15th) after a correspondence between him and the President in which President Wilson accused the Secretary of usurping Presidential powers by calling a meeting of the Cabinet during the President's illness. The correspondence published indicates that on February 7th the President addressed a letter to Mr. Lansing asking him if it was true, as he had been told, that the Secretary had called Cabinet meetings during his illness, indicating that such an act was unconstitutional since the President only had the right of calling such a meeting. Mr. Lansing replied on the 9th that he had called an informal conference upon inter-departmental matters, needing immediate attention, but said that it never entered his mind that he was acting unconstitutionally or contrary to the wishes of the President; that there was no intention on his part to assume powers exclusively confined to the President. He also said that if the President thought he had failed in loyalty he was ready to relieve him of his embarrassment by placing his resignation in the President's hands. The President replied on the 11th that as no action could be taken without the President's consent, there was no advantage in such a conference. He said that he had a feeling which began at Paris that Mr. Lansing had accepted his direction with increasing reluctance and said that he had been struck by the number of matters in which Mr. Lansing seemed to try to forestall the President's judgment. He therefore reluctantly accepted his offer of resignation. Mr. Lansing replied on the 12th thanking the President for accepting his offer of resignation because it relieved him of responsibility for further action. He said he had been contemplating his resignation since January 1919 since he had been conscious that the President was no longer disposed to accept his advice on matters pertaining to negotiations at Paris and as to international affairs generally; that if he had consulted his personal inclinations he would have resigned, but felt that such a step might cause the President embarrassment in carrying forward the great task in which he was then engaged. He said that after his return to the United States he still desired to resign but feared that his resignation might be considered as hostility to the ratification of the treaty. Later the President's illness prevented him from resigning, but recently with the President's returning health he prepared the resignation which he now submitted. He could not allow to pass unchallenged the imputation that he had usurped Presidential authority. He believed then and now that the conference was for the best interests of the President and the Republic. President Wilson wrote on the 13th accepting the resignation and hoping that the future would hold for Mr. Lansing success of the most gratifying sort and indicating that his best wishes would always follow him and that it would be a matter of gratification to always remember their delightful personal relations.

Lent presents us with the opportunity of getting out of the rut of ordinary habits, and breaking the bonds which these habits may have cast around us. It ought to be every Christian life a time of spiritual strengthening in which we come to a more perfect knowledge of God and His will for us. Let us try this Lent then to gain a clearer knowledge of God and a fuller appreciation of His presence with us and within us. He is no far distant God dwelling in an unapproachable country. "For lo, the Kingdom of God is within you," our Lord said, and the apostle St. Paul said, "the kingdom of God is within you." Know ye not that ye are a temple of God, and that the spirit of God dwelleth in you? Let us ask ourselves whether we are living lives worthy of men and women in whom dwells the spirit of God. What are our ideals to-day? Are they the same as when we first came out here, or have we abandoned them and become content with lower aims? Or have we perhaps adopted higher, more Christ-like ideals than ever before? God grant it be so, or if it be not so now, may it be so at the end of the coming Lent. Our Lenten are milestones on the road to Heaven or Hell. Each Lent ought to be characterized by new victories over evil, new results achieved for God's glory, new efforts begun for the welfare of our fellow men. We have opportunities out here which people at home in England have not. There are opportunities of making friends of people of another race. It often seems to me that English ladies here might do much for their Empire and their religion by having some social intercourse with Chinese ladies. The nations of the world must get to know each other better and it is sad to see the opportunities of getting to know each other which are offered us here being wasted. I believe very much that good would result, and much fresh interest would be imparted into women's lives in this place if English and Chinese women saw a little of each other. Whatever we are, we are far from being what God can make us if we yield ourselves to Him. He calls upon each one of us to take our part in setting up the Kingdom of God upon earth. May we so use our Lent that we may be more clearly what He would have us do and may be more fit to do it.

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WHEN MAN CUBS TALK.
AMERICAN PROFESSORS AND
INFANT SOUNDS.

Baby talk, according to American scientists, is not gibberish, but is an intelligent effort to express ideas which have a full meaning, writes J. W. T. Mason, in the *Daily Express*. When an infant in arms grunts in a peculiar manner any other baby in the vicinity knows what it says. Adults may think the baby is simply cooing or crowing, or perhaps trying to make a nuisance of itself. But, no; it is expressing definite ideas in baby talk. It is communicating its thoughts to the world at large for those to understand who have a knowledge of a baby's vocabulary.

This analysis of the sounds of infancy, as studied by American professors, has been brought to public notice through the discovery of two young boys near Seattle, who were never taught to speak, but who, nevertheless, can communicate with each other by vocal sounds. The boys, aged ten, are described as children of William Kees, a hermit. He is said to have lived in the wilds with his children, never speaking to them. The authorities were informed of the situation and brought the children back to civilisation. Their mentality was found to be normal, but they knew nothing of the English language. They had a code of sounds and signs, however, which obviously was used to exchange ideas.

CHINESE CHATTER.

Interviewed about this strange spontaneity of speech development, American scientists declare speech is something inherent in the human mind, and comes out in some form, under any possible condition, as far as experiments show. It is declared that an American baby, placed beside a Chinese baby and a French baby, will instantly be on intimate terms with them. All three will be able to understand the sounds which comprise the universal baby's vocabulary.

There are at least four fundamental sounds used by babies all over the world. They express comfort, discomfort, pain, and hunger. These are said to be absolutely intuitive with babies. Other sounds are added to this beginning as the baby has need for them. The point is emphasised that nobody has ever given the baby instruction in making the sounds, nor in using the same sounds always to express the same ideas. Professor Richard Garner, the famous student of monkey life, declares that animals have sounds to express meanings, just as human babies have, but the sounds, of course, are not the same as those used by the babies. The animal sounds would develop into speech, thinks Professor Garner, if the requirements of animals for what they know as comforts and necessities of life were not so limited.

SUGAR BABIES.

A baby's first pronunciation of "ma-ma," say the scientists, is not really a word which the baby coins to designate its mother. It originates in a sound indicating pleasure and joy, and is built up from that beginning. The baby is said to pronounce this sound of satisfaction as "muh" or "ma." After a short time the sound is elaborated into "muh-muh" or "ma-ma."

Then the baby happens to be looking at its mother when it utters the sound. It notices the intense satisfaction the sound produces on the mother, and the pleasurable cuddling or perhaps a piece of sugar, which it receives. Association in ideas is developed. The baby feels a longing to be cuddled or to have a piece of sugar, and it repeats the sound, "muh-muh" or "ma-ma." When the mother is not present these sounds do not result so satisfactorily to the baby. So they become associated not only with the ideas of cuddling and sugar, but chiefly with mother. In this fashion, say the students of infancy, babies gradually learn to talk. Where the sounds came from science doesn't know.

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It is understood that two of the latest rigid airships—probably the "R 34" and her sister ship the "R 39"—the latter being now in course of completion at a Scottish factory—will shortly be transferred to an English company for the purposes of commercial aviation. The vessels will be reconstructed to meet passenger and cargo requirements, and most likely will be housed at the Fulham (Norfolk) Airship Station.

An official of the Air Ministry when questioned on the matter stated that nothing could be said on the matter at present. When inquiries made in interested circles in London, it was stated that the news did not come as a surprise. It was obvious that the Government must make some use of these ships sooner or later, and there was no doubt that a passenger Airship Service would be a splendid help to civilian aviation.

The financial side of the question, of course, presented the most difficulty, but it was thought that the Government would see its way to meet the company who proposed to carry out the scheme. At any rate, nothing could be attempted to inaugurate the service before next summer, so that the negotiations would have plenty of time to mature, provided they are not strangled with too much red tape in the meantime. There was every reason to expect that if the scheme proved a success the Government would ultimately be willing to allow the majority of their existing rigid airships to be taken over for the purpose of establishing a commercial Air Service, which would not necessarily be confined to this country.

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"EASTERN"	4,000	28th Feb.	Sandakan, Thursday Island, Queensland Ports and Sydney, Melbourne.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

S.S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"ARRATON APCAR"	5,000	18th Feb. Night	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"BANCA"	5,400	22nd Feb.	Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"DUNERA"	5,400	1st Mar.	Shanghai

* Cargo only

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS

Tickets Interchangeable.
1st Saloon Passengers may travel by P. & O. Company's steamers between Singapore and Calcutta or Singapore and Madras in lieu of the section of their P. & O. Tickets Singapore to Colombo.
All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.
Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to alteration without notice.
Parcels measuring not more than 10 ft. x 6 ft. x 4 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.
Passengers' baggage at Colombo to "Manila."

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments of which they have received documents or advice.
Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. GODDARD & DOUGLAS, at 10 A.M. on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

For Further Information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.

22, Des Voeux Road Central, HONGKONG.



TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE.

Operating the following T.S. Shipping Agent Steamers

For SEATTLE, TACOMA, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER.
(Calling at Shanghai and Kobe)

"CROSSKEYS"		About Feb. 23rd.
"WHEATLAND"		About Feb. 27th.
"ENDICOTT"		About Mar. 19th.
"KLETON"		About Mar. 30th.

For PORTLAND direct.

(Calling at Shanghai and Kobe)

"MONTAGUE"		About Feb. 21st.
"ABERCOR"		About Mar. 5th.

Through Bill of Lading issued to Consignees' Agents.

For Freight and Particulars apply to

THE ADMIRAL LINE.

Telephone 2477 & 2478. Fifth Floor, Hong Kong.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

Freight and Passengers

"NANKING" "CHINA" "NILE"

15,000 tons 10,000 tons 11,000 tons

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG, FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS AND HONOLULU

"NANKING"	"CHINA"	"NILE"
Mar. 23rd.	Mar. 2nd.	Mar. 2nd.

[An unsurpassed high-class passenger service.]

O. H. BRETHER, Freight and Passenger Agents
110, Hong Street, Tel. 1943.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE

VIA SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN AND HONOLULU

FAST AND LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Change Without Notice.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
KORRA MARU	20,000	Feb. 23rd
TENYO MARU	22,000	Mar. 11th
SHINYO MARU	23,000	April 1st
SIBERIA MARU	30,000	April 1st (from Yokohama)
PERSIA MARU	9,000	April 18th

* Omits Shanghai

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

HONGKONG to VALPARAISO via JAPAN, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, SALINO, CRUZ, BALBOA, AILAO, ARICA

AND IQUIQUE

THENCE BY TRANS-ANDRAN ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
ANYO MARU	18,500	Mar. 13th.
SEIYO MARU	14,000	May 11th.
KIYO MARU	17,500	July 18th.

Tickets are interchangeable with the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Passengers may travel by Rail between Ports of Call in Japan free of charge.

FREIGHT SERVICE.

Direct Freight Service to CUBA and NEW ORLEANS, via San Francisco, Balboa and The Panama Canal.

Steamer	Leaves Hongkong
KOYO MARU	Last half of February
CHOYO MARU	April or May

For all information as to rates, freight space, sailings, etc., apply to—
T. DAIGO, Manager
King's Building, 35.

Telephone 2374 and 2375.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL LINES.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMER & DEPARTURE	SAILING DATE
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	"PAUL LECAT" 20,000	On or about 26th Feb.
	"ANDRE LEBON" 23,000	On or about 18th Mar.
	"ARMAND REBLO" 19,000	On or about 8th Apr.
	"CORDILLERE" 10,000	On or about 25th Apr.

SHANGHAI (Only)	"SCHARNHORST" 15,000	On or about 18th Feb.
MASSILLON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DIBOUTI, SUEZ, PORT SAID	"PORTHOS" 23,000	On or about 18th Feb.
	"AMAZON" 10,000	On or about 10th Mar.
	"PAUL LECAT" 20,000	On or about 26th Mar.

Cargo boat for EUROPE to call at MARSEILLE, and if sufficient indentment offers, GENOA, HAVRE, DUNKERQUE, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY!

For full particulars regarding sailings, etc., apply to—

R. RODENFUSER,
Acting Agent,
Queen's Building, 2

TELEPHONE 740.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

LONDON & ANTWERP—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.
"ATLAS MARU" ... Friday, 20th February.

GENOA—Monthly service. Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading shipment at Bombay to Company's steamer.

BUENOS AIRES, RIO DE JANEIRO SANTOS, MAURITIUS, DURBAN and CAPE TOWN via SINGAPORE.
"CANADA MARU" ... Wednesday, 2nd March.

BOMBAY COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via Singapore.

"INDUS MARU" ... End of February.

SAIGON, BANGKOK, SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly service

"UNNAN MARU" ... Monday, 18th February.

SYDNEY, MELBOURNE—Monthly service taking cargo to New Zealand and Pacific Islands.

"MADRAS MARU" ... Sunday, 22nd February.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA—

Regular fortnightly service touching at intermediate ports in Japan and taking cargo to OVERLAND POINTS U.S.A. in connection with Chicago Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway

"AFRICA MARU" ... Wednesday, 25th February.

"ARABIA MARU" ... Tuesday, 6th April.

JAPAN PORTS—Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Yokohama.

KEELUNG via SWATOW, AMOI—These steamers

have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive at and depart from the O.S.K. wharf near the Harbour Office.

"KAJO MARU" ... Sunday, 22nd February.

For TAKAO via SWATOW and AMOI.

"GOSEU MARU" ... Thursday, 25th February.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

Y. YASUDA, Manager,
No. 1, Queen's Building, 31

Tel. No. 744 and 745.

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE.

HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Steamer	Arr. Hongkong from Australia	Leave Hongkong for Australia
"CHANGSHA"	March 7th.	March 15th.

SAILING SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

* For Sydney Only.

This Steamer is fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State Rooms. A fully qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares. Cargo booked through to all Australian, New Zealand & Tasmanian Ports.

For freight and passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. 124

